(Original Signature of Member)

117th CONGRESS 2D Session

H.R.

To suspend normal trade relations treatment for the Russian Federation and the Republic of Belarus, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. BRADY (for himself and Mr. SMITH of Nebraska) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

A BILL

- To suspend normal trade relations treatment for the Russian Federation and the Republic of Belarus, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be known as the "Suspending Normal
- 5 Trade Relations with Russia and Belarus Act".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds the following:

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(1) The United States is a founding member of
 the World Trade Organization (WTO) and is com mitted to ensuring that the WTO remains an effec tive forum for peaceful economic engagement.

5 (2) Ukraine is a sovereign nation-state that is 6 entitled to enter into agreements with other sov-7 ereign states and to full respect of its territorial in-8 tegrity.

9 (3) The United States will be unwavering in its 10 support for a secure, democratic, and sovereign 11 Ukraine, free to choose its own leaders and future. 12 (4) Ukraine acceded to the Marrakesh Agree-13 ment Establishing the World Trade Organization 14 (WTO Agreement) and has been a WTO member 15 since 2008.

16 (5) Ukraine's participation in the WTO Agree17 ment creates both rights and obligations vis-à-vis
18 other WTO members.

19 (6) The Russian Federation acceded to the
20 WTO on August 22, 2012, becoming the 156th
21 WTO member, and the Republic of Belarus has applied to accede to the WTO.

23 (7) From the date of its accession, the Russian
24 Federation committed to apply fully all provisions of
25 the WTO.

1	(8) The United States Congress authorized per-
2	manent normal trade relations for the Russian Fed-
3	eration through the Russia and Moldova Jackson-
4	Vanik Repeal and Sergei Magnitsky Rule of Law
5	Accountability Act of 2012 (Public Law 112–208).
6	(9) Ukraine communicated to the WTO General
7	Council on March 2, 2022, urging that all WTO
8	members take action against the Russian Federation
9	and "consider further steps with the view to sus-
10	pending the Russian Federation's participation in
11	the WTO for its violation of the purpose and prin-
12	ciples of this Organization".
13	(10) Vladimir Putin, a ruthless dictator, has led
14	the Russian Federation into a war of aggression
15	against Ukraine, which—
16	(A) denies Ukraine and its people their col-
17	lective rights to independence, sovereignty, and
18	territorial integrity;
19	(B) constitutes an emergency in inter-
20	national relations, because it is a situation of
21	armed conflict that threatens the peace and se-
22	curity of all countries, including the United
23	States; and

(C) denies Ukraine its rightful ability to
 participate in international organizations, in cluding the WTO.

4 (11) The Republic of Belarus, also led by a
5 ruthless dictator, Aleksander Lukashenka, is pro6 viding important material support to the Russian
7 Federation's aggression.

8 (12) The Russian Federation's exportation of
9 goods in the energy sector is central to its ability to
10 wage its war of aggression on Ukraine.

(13) The United States, along with its allies
and partners, has responded to recent aggression by
the Russian Federation in Ukraine by imposing
sweeping financial sanctions and stringent export
controls.

16 (14) The United States cannot allow the con17 sequences of the Russian Federation's actions to go
18 unaddressed, and must lead fellow countries, in all
19 fora, including the WTO, to impose appropriate con20 sequences for the Russian Federation's aggression.

21 SEC. 3. SUSPENSION OF NORMAL TRADE RELATIONS WITH
22 THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION AND THE REPUB23 LIC OF BELARUS.

24 (a) NONDISCRIMINATORY TARIFF TREATMENT.—
25 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning on

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the day after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
 rates of duty set forth in column 2 of the Harmonized
 Tariff Schedule of the United States shall apply to all
 products of the Russian Federation and of the Republic
 of Belarus.

6 (b) AUTHORITY TO PROCLAIM INCREASED COLUMN
7 2 RATES.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President may proclaim 9 increases in the rates of duty applicable to products 10 of the Russian Federation or the Republic of 11 Belarus, above the rates set forth in column 2 of the 12 Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

13 (2)PRIOR CONSULTATION.—The President 14 shall, not later than 5 calendar days before issuing 15 any proclamation under paragraph (1), consult with 16 the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of 17 Representatives and the Committee on Finance of 18 the Senate regarding the basis for and anticipated 19 impact of the proposed increases to rates of duty de-20 scribed in paragraph (1).

21 (3) TERMINATION.—The authority to issue
22 proclamations under this subsection shall terminate
23 on January 1, 2024.

1SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON IMPORTATION OF ENERGY PROD-2UCTS OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provi4 sion of law, all products of the Russian Federation classi5 fied under chapter 27 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule
6 of the United States shall be banned from importation into
7 the United States, other than products imported on or be8 fore 11:59 p.m. eastern daylight time on the date that is
9 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) TERMINATION UPON EXTENSION OF NORMAL
TRADE RELATIONS WITH THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.—
The prohibition under subsection (a) shall terminate on
the date on which the President grants permanent nondiscriminatory tariff treatment (normal trade relations) to
the products of the Russian Federation pursuant to section 5(b)(3).

17 SEC. 5. RESUMPTION OF APPLICATION OF HTS COLUMN 1

18 RATES OF DUTY AND RESTORATION OF NOR19 MAL TRADE RELATIONS TREATMENT FOR
20 THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION AND THE REPUB21 LIC OF BELARUS.

22 (a) TEMPORARY APPLICATION OF HTS COLUMN 1
23 RATES OF DUTY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
provision of law (including the application of column
2 rates of duty under section 3), the President is au-

1 thorized to temporarily resume, for one or more pe-2 riods not to exceed 1 year each, the application of 3 the rates of duty set forth in column 1 of the Har-4 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States to the 5 products of the Russian Federation, the Republic of 6 Belarus, or both, if the President submits to Con-7 gress with respect to either or both such countries 8 a certification under subsection (c) for each such pe-9 riod. Such action shall take effect beginning on the 10 date that is 90 calendar days after the date of sub-11 mission of such certification for such period, unless 12 there is enacted into law during such 90-day period 13 a joint resolution of disapproval. 14 (2) CONSULTATION AND REPORT.—The Presi-15 dent shall, not later than 45 calendar days before 16 submitting a certification under paragraph (1)— 17 (A) consult with the Committee on Ways 18 and Means of the House of Representatives and 19 the Committee on Finance of the Senate; and 20 (B) submit to both such committees a re-21 port that explains the basis for the determina-22 tion of the President contained in such certifi-23 cation. 24 (b) RESTORATION OF NORMAL TRADE RELATIONS 25 TREATMENT.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The President is authorized
2	to resume the application of the rates of duty set
3	forth in column 1 of the Harmonized Tariff Sched-
4	ule of the United States to the products of the Rus-
5	sian Federation, the Republic of Belarus, or both, if
6	the President submits to Congress with respect to ei-
7	ther or both such countries a certification under
8	subsection (c). Such action shall take effect begin-
9	ning on the date that is 90 calendar days after the
10	date of submission of such certification, unless there
11	is enacted into law during such 90-day period a joint
12	resolution of disapproval.
13	(2) Consultation and Report.—The Presi-
14	dent shall, not later than 45 calendar days before
15	submitting a certification under paragraph (1) —
16	(A) consult with the Committee on Ways
17	and Means of the House of Representatives and
18	the Committee on Finance of the Senate; and
19	(B) submit to both such committees a re-
20	port that explains the basis for the determina-
21	tion of the President contained in such certifi-
22	cation.
23	(3) Products of the russian federa-
24	TION.—If the President submits pursuant to para-
25	graph (1) a certification under subsection (c) with

respect to the Russian Federation and a joint resolution of disapproval is not enacted during the 90-day
period described in that paragraph, the President
may grant permanent nondiscriminatory tariff treatment (normal trade relations) to the products of the
Russian Federation.

7 (4)PRODUCTS OF THE REPUBLIC \mathbf{OF} 8 BELARUS.—If the President submits pursuant to 9 paragraph (1) a certification under subsection (c) 10 with respect to the Republic of Belarus and a joint 11 resolution of disapproval is not enacted during the 12 90-day period described in that paragraph, the 13 President may, subject to the provisions of chapter 14 1 of title IV of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 15 2431 et seq.), grant nondiscriminatory tariff treat-16 ment (normal trade relations) to the products of the 17 Republic of Belarus.

18 (c) CERTIFICATION.—A certification under this sub-19 section is a certification in writing that—

(1) specifies the action proposed to be taken
pursuant to the certification and whether such action is pursuant to subsection (a)(1) or (b)(1) of this
section; and

1	(2) contains a determination of the President
2	that the Russian Federation or the Republic of
3	Belarus (or both)—
4	(A) has withdrawn its forces and ceased all
5	acts of aggression against Ukraine;
6	(B) poses no immediate threat of aggres-
7	sion to any North Atlantic Treaty Organization
8	ally or partner; and
9	(C) recognizes a free and independent
10	Ukraine, including with respect to the ability of
11	its people to choose their own government.
12	(d) JOINT RESOLUTION OF DISAPPROVAL.—
13	(1) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section,
14	the term "joint resolution of disapproval" means
15	only a joint resolution—
16	(A) which does not have a preamble;
17	(B) the title of which is as follows: "Joint
18	resolution disapproving the President's certifi-
19	cation under section 5(c) of the Suspending
20	Normal Trade Relations with Russia and
21	Belarus Act."; and
22	(C) the matter after the resolving clause of
23	which is as follows: "That Congress disapproves
24	the certification of the President under section
25	5(c) of the Suspending Normal Trade Relations

with Russia and Belarus Act, submitted to Con gress on _____", the blank space being filled
 in with the appropriate date.

4 (2) INTRODUCTION IN THE HOUSE OF REP5 RESENTATIVES.—During a period of 5 legislative
6 days beginning on the date that a certification under
7 section 5(c) is submitted to Congress, a joint resolu8 tion of disapproval may be introduced in the House
9 of Representatives by the majority leader or the mi10 nority leader.

11 (3) INTRODUCTION IN THE SENATE.—During a 12 period of 5 days on which the Senate is in session 13 beginning on the date that a certification under sec-14 tion 5(c) is submitted to Congress, a joint resolution 15 of disapproval may be introduced in the Senate by 16 the majority leader (or the majority leader's des-17 ignee) or the minority leader (or the minority lead-18 er's designee).

19 (4) FLOOR CONSIDERATION IN THE HOUSE OF
20 REPRESENTATIVES.—

(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If a
committee of the House to which a joint resolution of disapproval has been referred has not
reported such joint resolution within 10 legislative days after the date of referral, that com-

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mittee shall be discharged from further consideration thereof.

3 (B) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.— 4 Beginning on the third legislative day after each committee to which a joint resolution of 5 6 disapproval has been referred reports it to the 7 House or has been discharged from further con-8 sideration thereof, it shall be in order to move 9 to proceed to consider the joint resolution in the 10 House. All points of order against the motion 11 are waived. Such a motion shall not be in order 12 after the House has disposed of a motion to 13 proceed on a joint resolution with regard to the 14 same certification. The previous question shall 15 be considered as ordered on the motion to its 16 adoption without intervening motion. The mo-17 tion shall not be debatable. A motion to recon-18 sider the vote by which the motion is disposed 19 of shall not be in order.

20 (C) CONSIDERATION.—The joint resolution
21 shall be considered as read. All points of order
22 against the joint resolution and against its con23 sideration are waived. The previous question
24 shall be considered as ordered on the joint reso25 lution to final passage without intervening mo-

1	tion except two hours of debate equally divided
2	and controlled by the sponsor of the joint reso-
3	lution (or a designee) and an opponent. A mo-
4	tion to reconsider the vote on passage of the
5	joint resolution shall not be in order.
6	(5) Consideration in the senate.—
7	(A) Committee referral.—A joint reso-
8	lution of disapproval introduced in the Senate
9	shall be referred to the Committee on Finance.
10	(B) Reporting and discharge.—If the
11	Committee on Finance has not reported such
12	joint resolution of disapproval within 10 days
13	on which the Senate is in session after the date
14	of referral of such joint resolution, that com-
15	mittee shall be discharged from further consid-
16	eration of such joint resolution and the joint
17	resolution shall be placed on the appropriate
18	calendar.
19	(C) MOTION TO PROCEED.—Notwith-
20	standing Rule XXII of the Standing Rules of
21	the Senate, it is in order at any time after the
22	Committee on Finance reports the joint resolu-
23	tion of disapproval to the Senate or has been
24	discharged from its consideration (even though
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a previous motion to the same effect has been

1 disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consid-2 eration of the joint resolution, and all points of 3 order against the joint resolution (and against 4 consideration of the joint resolution) shall be waived. The motion to proceed is not debatable. 5 6 The motion is not subject to a motion to post-7 pone. A motion to reconsider the vote by which 8 the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not 9 be in order. If a motion to proceed to the con-10 sideration of the joint resolution of disapproval 11 is agreed to, the joint resolution shall remain 12 the unfinished business until disposed of.

13 (D) DEBATE.—Debate on the joint resolu-14 tion of disapproval, and on all debatable mo-15 tions and appeals in connection therewith, shall 16 be limited to not more than 10 hours, which 17 shall be divided equally between the majority 18 and minority leaders or their designees. A mo-19 tion to further limit debate is in order and not 20 debatable. An amendment to, or a motion to 21 postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consid-22 eration of other business, or a motion to recom-23 mit the joint resolution of disapproval is not in 24 order.

1	(E) VOTE ON PASSAGE.—The vote on pas-
2	sage shall occur immediately following the con-
3	clusion of the debate on the joint resolution of
4	disapproval and a single quorum call at the con-
5	clusion of the debate, if requested in accordance
6	with the rules of the Senate.
7	(F) RULES OF THE CHAIR ON PROCE-
8	DURE.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair
9	relating to the application of the rules of the
10	Senate, as the case may be, to the procedure re-
11	lating to the joint resolution of disapproval shall
12	be decided without debate.
13	(G) CONSIDERATION OF VETO MES-
14	SAGES.—Debate in the Senate of any veto mes-
15	sage with respect to the joint resolution of dis-
16	approval, including all debatable motions and
17	appeals in connection with such joint resolution,
18	shall be limited to 10 hours, to be equally di-
19	vided between, and controlled by, the majority
20	leader and the minority leader or their des-
21	ignees.
22	(6) PROCEDURES IN THE SENATE.—Except as
23	otherwise provided in this subsection, the following

otherwise provided in this subsection, the followingprocedures shall apply in the Senate to a joint reso-

lution of disapproval to which this subsection ap plies:

3 (A) Except as provided in subparagraph
4 (B), a joint resolution of disapproval that has
5 passed the House of Representatives shall,
6 when received in the Senate, be referred to the
7 Committee on Finance for consideration in accordance with this subsection.

9 (B) If a joint resolution of disapproval to 10 which this section applies was introduced in the 11 Senate before receipt of a joint resolution of 12 disapproval that has passed the House of Rep-13 resentatives, the joint resolution from the 14 House of Representatives shall, when received 15 in the Senate, be placed on the calendar. If this 16 subparagraph applies, the procedures in the 17 Senate with respect to a joint resolution of dis-18 approval introduced in the Senate that contains 19 the identical matter as the joint resolution of 20 disapproval that passed the House of Rep-21 resentatives shall be the same as if no joint res-22 olution of disapproval had been received from 23 the House of Representatives, except that the 24 vote on passage in the Senate shall be on the

joint resolution of disapproval that passed the
 House of Representatives.

3 (7) RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTA4 TIVES AND SENATE.—This subsection is enacted by
5 Congress—

6 (A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power 7 of the Senate and the House of Representa-8 tives, respectively, and as such are deemed a 9 part of the rules of each House, respectively, 10 but applicable only with respect to the proce-11 dure to be followed in that House in the case 12 of legislation described in those sections, and 13 supersede other rules only to the extent that 14 they are inconsistent with such rules; and

15 (B) with full recognition of the constitu-16 tional right of either House to change the rules 17 (so far as relating to the procedure of that 18 House) at any time, in the same manner, and 19 to the same extent as in the case of any other 20 rule of that House.

21 SEC. 6. COOPERATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY AT THE
22 WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION.

The United States Trade Representative shall use the
voice and influence of the United States at the WTO to—
(1) condemn the recent aggression in Ukraine;

1	(2) encourage other WTO members to suspend
2	trade concessions to the Russian Federation and the
3	Republic of Belarus;
4	(3) consider further steps with the view to sus-
5	pend the Russian Federation's participation in the
6	WTO; and
7	(4) seek to halt the accession process of the Re-
8	public of Belarus at the WTO and cease accession-
9	related work.